

# 9107-22

## 4-segment, redundant FISCO power supply system



## **Declaration of Conformity**

A printed version of the Declaration of Conformity has been provided separately within the original shipment of goods. However, you can find a copy of the latest version at <http://www.mtl-inst.com/certificates>

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## GENERAL SAFETY INFORMATION

### Safety instructions for installation and operating personnel

See Appendix on ATEX certification for countries in EEC, or governed by these standards.

The operating instructions provided here contain **essential safety instructions** for installation personnel and those engaged in the operation, maintenance and servicing of the equipment.



#### WARNING !

Failure to comply with these instructions can endanger the lives or health of personnel and risk damage to the plant and the environment.



#### WARNING !

The responsibility for planning, installation, commissioning, operation and maintenance, particularly with respect to applications in explosion-hazard areas, lies with the plant operator.

#### Before commencing installation or commissioning:

- Read and understand the contents of this manual
- Ensure installation and operating personnel have received adequate training for this task
- Ensure that any operating instructions are fully understood by the personnel responsible.
- Observe national and local installation and mounting regulations (e.g. IEC 60079-14).



#### WARNING !

These assemblies may not be used in explosion-hazard area applications if they have been used previously in general electrical installations.

#### During operation:

- Make the relevant instructions available at all times to the operating personnel.
- Observe safety instructions.
- Observe national safety and accident prevention regulations.
- Operate the equipment within its published specification.
- Servicing, maintenance work or repairs not described in this manual must not be performed without prior agreement with the manufacturer.
- Any damage to this equipment may render its explosion protection null and void.
- No changes to any of the components that might impair their explosion protection are permitted.

#### If any information provided here is not clear:

- Contact Eaton's MTL product line or one of its representatives.

**Note:** Improper installation and operation of the enclosure can result in the invalidation of the guarantee.

### Related documents

Datasheet	Description
EPS9107-22	4-segment, redundant, FISCO power supply system

## 9107-22 - 4-segment, redundant FISCO power supply system



**Figure 1.1**  
**9107-22**  
**power supply**  
**assembly**

### 1 OVERVIEW

The 9107-22 power supply systems provide an intrinsically safe field network for FOUNDATION fieldbus™ systems in hazardous areas. It is intended for use with host control systems equipped with H1 interface cards that do not need to draw current from the fieldbus segment in order to operate. Such systems include:

- ABB IndustrialIT with LD800HSE Linking Device
- Softing FG-100 FF/HSE Linking Device

The output of the power supply modules complies with the Fieldbus Intrinsically Safe Concept (FISCO) model, in accordance with IEC standard 60079-27 (2006). The key advantages of FISCO over earlier 'Entity' model installations to FF-816 are higher available field current and reduced safety documentation, while retaining the ability to conduct maintenance while energised and without 'gas clearance'.

The 9107-22 system builds on the MTL 912x-IS range of power supplies, which have become established as the industry standard solution for FISCO networks. The systems now achieve higher levels of overall system availability by providing redundancy of the power modules.

When used with intrinsically safe versions of MTL Megablock field wiring hubs, the power supply systems allow complete FISCO networks to be assembled for even the most demanding process applications. The data sheet for the 9107-22 is referenced on the opposite page.

### 2 DESCRIPTION

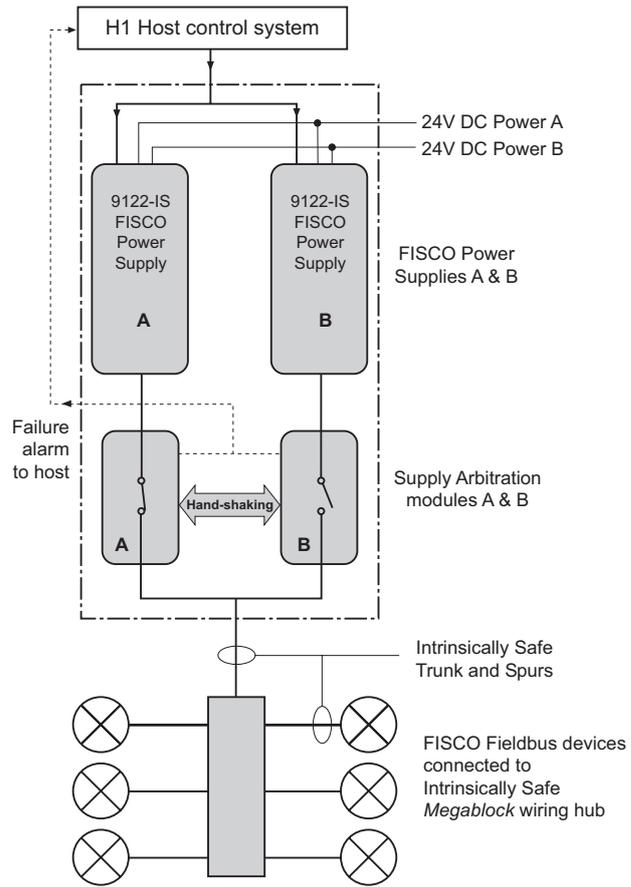
#### 2.1 Architecture

Each IS fieldbus segment is powered by a redundant pair of pluggable FISCO power supply modules. The modules operate in active/hot standby mode, ensuring that the fieldbus segments are continually powered.

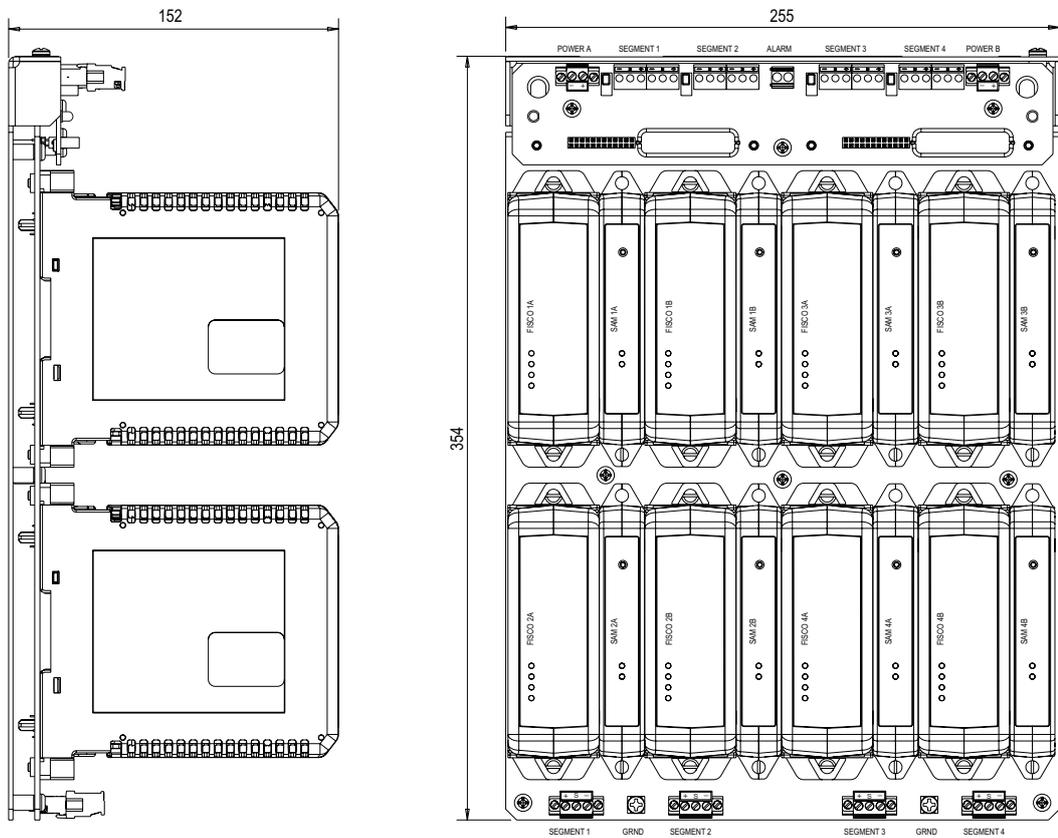
In the event of a failure of an active power supply module, the field circuit is automatically transferred to the standby module. The change-over is managed by Supply Arbitration Modules (SAMs), which monitor the health of the FISCO power supplies while maintaining intrinsic safety requirements during the transition to the standby module. The SAMs are also duplicated and replaceable, meaning that there are no non-redundant system components.

Switch-over is achieved rapidly and in accordance with FOUNDATION fieldbus™ specifications, and without risk of losing fieldbus devices from the bus. A combination of LED diagnostics and alarm signalling provides failure notification of FISCO power supplies and SAMs, allowing failed hardware to be identified and full redundancy to be restored by module replacement.

**Figure 2.1**  
9107-22  
architecture  
per segment



**Figure 2.2**  
9107-22  
assembly  
dimensions



## 2.2 Module carrier

The module carrier provides fieldbus power for four fieldbus segments. It supports pluggable power supply and arbitration modules for each segment and all connection facilities.

Each carrier has pluggable screw terminal connections for redundant 24V input power and for the intrinsically safe field trunks. The screw terminal, host fieldbus segment connectors are provided as pairs to enable individual connections of separate redundant host H1 systems. A volt-free failure alarm is also provided for connection to a digital input module. There are no active electronic circuits on the carrier, resulting in long calculated Mean Time To Failure (MTTF) and overall high system availability.

The carrier dimensions (Figure 2.2) are designed to provide high packing density in typical 800mm wide equipment cabinets. Survival in high-vibration marine environments is achieved by secure panel-mount fixings.

The FISCO power supply modules are pluggable versions of the MTL 9122-IS range, and support the same level of features. LED indicators provide information on system health and assist with fault diagnosis.

## 3 INSTALLATION

 <p><b>WARNING</b></p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>WARNING !</b></p> <p>This equipment must be installed, operated and maintained only by trained competent personnel and in accordance with all appropriate international, national and local standard codes of practice and site regulation for intrinsically safe apparatus and in accordance with the instructions contained here.</p>
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### 3.1 General

The 9107-22 power system is designed for mounting in a non-hazardous area.

The mounting conditions must:

- a. prevent any form of pollution that could compromise the operation of the unit. For example, an unpolluted location or a suitable enclosure could be chosen.
- b. provide an adequate level of mechanical protection. This can be achieved by selecting a protected location, a suitable cabinet or enclosure, or a combination of both.
- c. ensure that all cable entries and connections are secure by making provision for the careful routing and securing of all cables.
- d. provide adequate security against unauthorised interference.
- e. ensure that the permitted ambient temperature range of the units ( $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) is not exceeded. Be aware of the power dissipation in the equipment's cabinet or enclosure and consider the use of shading against direct sunlight, or even forced cooling.

### 3.2 Required tools

To remove or replace a FISCO or a SAM module a straight-bladed screwdriver is required with a minimum shaft length of 130mm (5¼") and a maximum blade diameter of 5mm (3/16").

### 3.3 Mounting overview

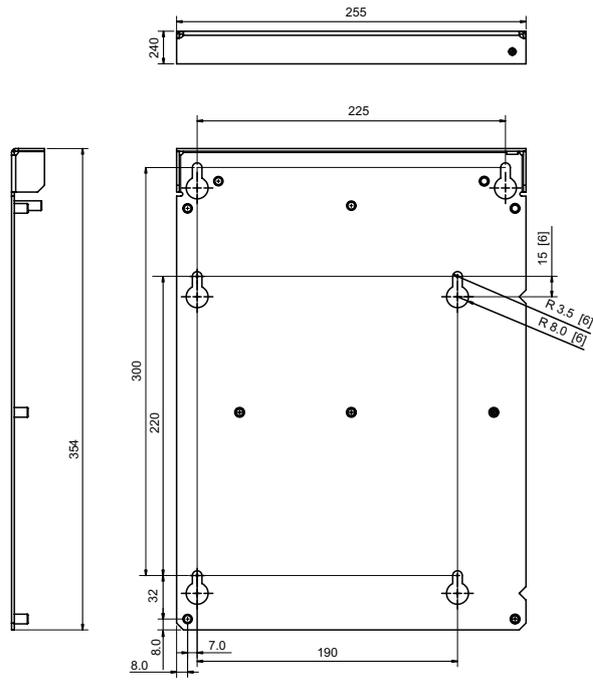
Mount the 9107-22 assembly on a vertical surface with the orientation shown in Figure 2.2. Any other orientation will reduce the permitted maximum operating temperature.

**IMPORTANT:** The mounting surface and any fixings must be capable of supporting the weight of the complete assembly which is approximately 6.4kg.

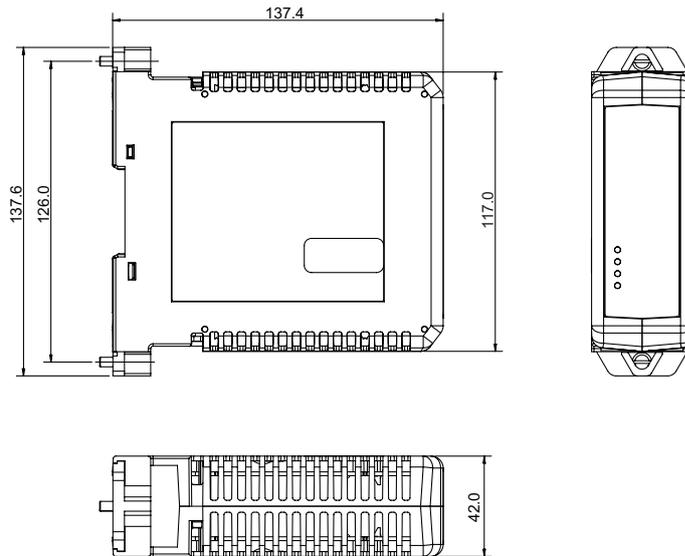
Four 7mm diameter slotted holes are provided in the backplate for mounting the assembly - see Figure 3.1 - and access to the mounting screws is provided through the circuit board (after removal of some modules). This feature allows the assembly to be fitted to, or removed from, its mounting without removing the mounting screws.

**Note** that because of the slotted mounting holes, 15mm of free space is required above the top edge of the assembly to allow the backplate to be mounted and demounted.

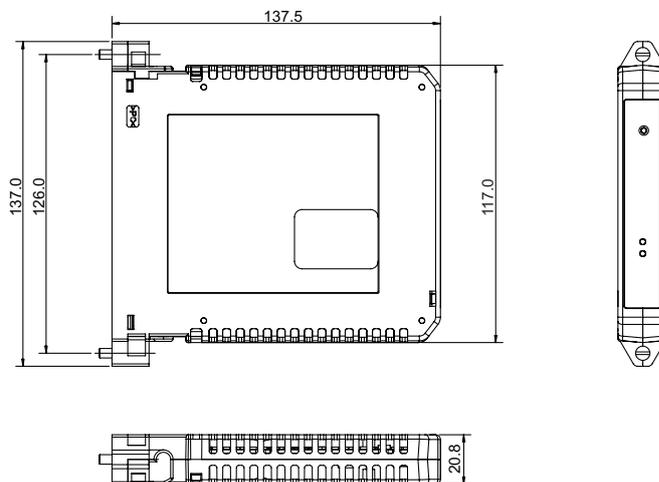
**Figure 3.1  
Baseplate  
mounting holes**



**Figure 3.2  
9122-IS-CM  
power supply  
module  
dimensions**



**Figure 3.3  
9129-IS  
Supply  
Arbitration  
Module (SAM)  
dimensions**



### 3.3.1 Outdoor mounting

If the assembly is to be mounted in an outdoor location, a suitable enclosure with a minimum of IP54 ingress protection is required. However, in some locations, a higher degree of ingress protection rating is recommended as corrosion resistance may be necessary or desirable and the emphasis should be placed on the suitability for the application.

### 3.4 Surface mounting

Prepare holes in the mounting surface at the centres shown in Figure 3.1. Thread the holes M6 or fit M6 captive nuts as required.

The recommended fixing method for this assembly uses M6 'Sems' screws; or some similar captive washer screw assembly. Alternatively, take four M6 screws - recommended minimum length 15mm - and fit a locking washer and a plain washer on each.

Start the screws into the surface fixing holes, leaving approximately 10mm clear thread visible.

With all modules removed from the assembly, fit the backplate, and its attached circuit board, over the four screw-heads (and washers) and allow it to rest on the four screws. Tighten the four screws to secure the backplate to the mounting surface.

### 3.5 Mounting and removal of modules

The 9107-22 power systems are installable only in a safe/non-hazardous area. All of the modules that mount on the carrier or adaptor board are capable of live replacement ("hot-swapping").

**Note:** The SAM module has a mechanical safety interlock that prevents it from being removed before its associated power supply; this is so that the segment power stays in a safe and predictable state. This interlock must not be removed or defeated in any way.

#### 3.5.1 Fitting 9122-IS-CM power supply and SAM modules

The SAM module must be fitted before its related FISCO power supply module.

1. Rotate the red interlock tab on the SAM module to the side and up to reveal the fixing screw head. See Figure 3.4.
2. Locate the SAM module in its position and tighten both of its fixing screws.
3. Return the interlock tab to cover the screw head. See Figure 3.4
4. Locate the FISCO power supply module to the left of the SAM module and tighten both of its fixing screws to a torque not exceeding 0.9Nm.
5. Repeat 1 - 4 for the other module pairs, as required.



**Figure 3.4**  
**SAM**  
**module**  
**interlock tab**

**Note:** If a FISCO power supply module position is left vacant it will cause an alarm condition to be signalled at the Alarm contacts. To prevent this a 9127-BLK blanking module can be fitted in the position normally occupied by the associated SAM module. See Section 4.2.1 for further details.

#### 3.5.2 Removing 9122-IS-CM power supply and SAM modules

The FISCO power supply module must be removed before its related SAM module.

1. Loosen the two fixing screws of the FISCO power supply module and remove it from the circuit board.

2. Slide the red interlock tab on the SAM module to the side to reveal the fixing screw head. See Figure 3.4
3. Loosen the two fixing screws of the SAM module and remove it from the circuit board.
4. Repeat 1- 3 for the other module pairs, as required.

## 4 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

### 4.1 Redundant Power Connections

The POWER A and POWER B connectors receive the redundant 19.2- 30V input power supplies. Correct operation requires both input power supplies to be present in order to avoid an alarm signal being generated.

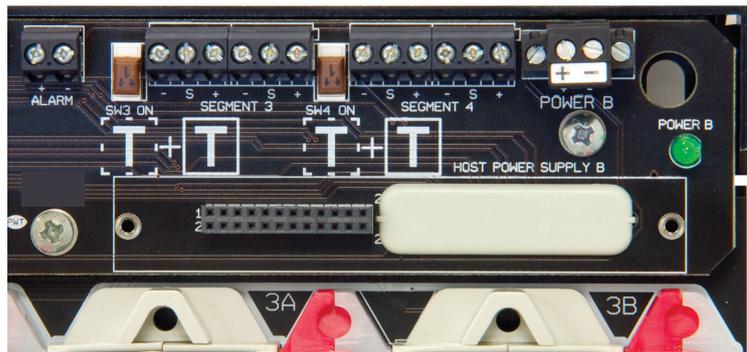
**Note:** To comply with product certification, both power connections are required to have their connector plugs in place in order to maintain the product's IP20 rating (for example, see Power B in Figure 4.1).

Each input power supply must be able to support, independently- but not simultaneously, the power requirements of four fieldbus segments; which, with a power supply voltage of 24V and with all four running at maximum load requires a total current of approximately 2.5A.

The user may determine how many 9107-22 assemblies are operated from each bulk power supply, but adequate protective fusing is recommended to protect both the supplies and the assemblies.

Connect the incoming power supplies to the POWER A and POWER B connectors at the top corners of the adaptor circuit board. The connectors have rising cage-clamp screw terminals and will accept connection wires of 0.14 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> cross-section. See Figure 2.2. Observe the supply polarities indicated on the connectors or on the circuit board. See Figure 4.1.

**Figure 4.1**  
**POWER B,**  
**ALARM and**  
**HOST segment**  
**connectors**



#### 4.1.1 Backplate Ground

It is important to ensure that the backplate is in good electrical contact with the enclosure and its protective ground. If the backplate does not obtain this ground connection directly through its method of mounting then a separate connection must be made from the ground terminal provided on the backplate to the enclosure's protective ground.

### 4.2 Alarm Connections

Each SAM module contains a solid state switch that is 'closed' in **normal operation** and in this condition exhibits a nominal resistance of 36Ω (@25°C). If a SAM module recognises a fault condition its switch will 'open' and present a resistance in excess of 1MΩ.

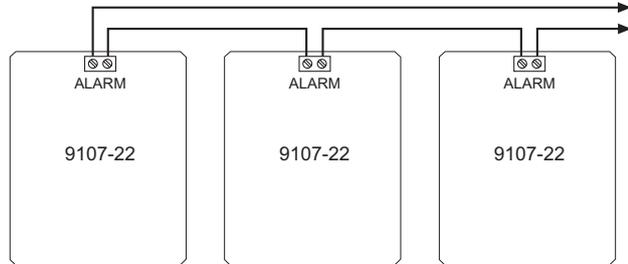
The eight SAM modules (two per segment) are all connected in series and the ends presented at the screw-terminal ALARM connector at the top edge of the adaptor board- see Figure 4.2. So in normal operation, the ALARM terminals on the module carrier will present a resistance value of around 288Ω.

If required, the alarm circuits of a number of 9107-22 assemblies can be daisy-chained to present a single alarm signal. See Figure 4.2. In order to do this, the digital input module being used to receive the alarm signal must be able to recognise the total series resistance of all the carriers as a normal 'closed' condition. For example, three carriers connected in series will present a series resistance, when in the 'closed' condition, of 3 x 288 = 864Ω (nominal).

**Notes:**

1. Although the ALARM terminals on the module carrier are marked '+' and '-' to aid identification, the solid state alarm circuits are, in fact, polarity insensitive.
2. The series resistance of the solid state switch has a +ve temperature coefficient of approximately  $3\Omega/^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
3. For the alarm circuit to operate correctly, (i.e. for the solid state switches to go to a 'closed' condition), all eight FISCO power supply and SAM modules must be installed on the module carrier- see also Section 4.2.1.

**Figure 4.2**  
**Daisy-chaining**  
**ALARM circuits**



**4.2.1 9127-BLK blanking module**

If a FISCO power supply module is omitted or removed from the 9108-22 backplane, its SAM module will automatically trigger the alarm circuit, as described above.

To avoid this, a 9127-BLK blanking module is available, which is the same size and shape as a SAM, and should be used in place of the SAM module to maintain alarm circuit continuity and prevent the creation of an alarm.

In addition, it is important that a 9127-BLK blanking module is fitted in every unused SAM location on the carrier in order to allow the system to recognise alarms from the active modules fitted.

**4.3 Hazardous-Area Fieldbus Segment Connections**

The intrinsically safe segment power output connections are provided via 3-way, pluggable, rising cage clamp, screw terminals at the bottom edge of the 9107-22 module carrier. See Figure 2.2 and 4.3.

Prepare the cables and connect to the +ve and -ve terminals as indicated on the pluggable connectors.

**Figure 4.3**  
**Segment**  
**connectors and**  
**ground stud**



The intrinsically safe segment power output connections are provided via 3-way, pluggable, rising cage clamp, screw terminals at the bottom edge of the 9107-22 module carrier. See Figure 4.3.

**Note:** All connector screws should be tightened to a torque not exceeding 0.4 Nm.

Prepare the cables and connect to the +, S and - terminals as indicated on the pluggable connectors.

**Note:** It is important during installation to segregate intrinsically safe wiring from other non-IS wiring and to mark it clearly as intrinsically safe.

Two ground studs (IS Shield A and IS Shield B ) are provided on the module carrier, adjacent to the hazardous area field wiring connections. These are linked to the 'S' terminals of the segment connectors and provide a means of grounding the cable screens/shields of the intrinsically safe field cables carrying the fieldbus trunks. Use them to ground the field cable shields as follows.

- Connect each of the ground studs on the module carrier to a local, high integrity earth with a cable having a resistance of less than 1Ω. This should be a clean instrument earth that is electrically bonded to the point of earthing of the local AC power supply to the equipment cabinet that houses the FISCO power supplies. The two studs should each be wired with a separate cable. This earth cable should typically have a cross-sectional area of 4mm<sup>2</sup> or greater.

**Note:** Product certification requires all pluggable connectors to be in place, in order to maintain the product's IP20 rating (as shown in Figure 4.3).

#### 4.3.1 Field segment terminators

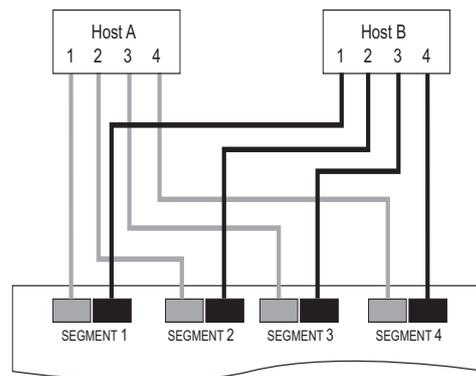
Near-end termination of the intrinsically safe field segments is automatically provided in the FISCO power supplies. Far-end termination must be provided in the field junction box for each segment, for example by selecting Megablock wiring hubs with built-in terminators.

### 4.4 Host System Connections

Redundant host segment connectors are provided at the top of the adaptor card- see Figures 2.2 and 4.1. These connectors, labelled Segment 1 to Segment 4, have rising cage-clamp screw terminals and will accept connection wires of 0.14 to 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> cross-section.

#### 4.4.1 Redundant hosts

The host segment connectors are provided in pairs to allow a second (redundant) host to be connected to the 9107-22, as shown in Figure 4.4.



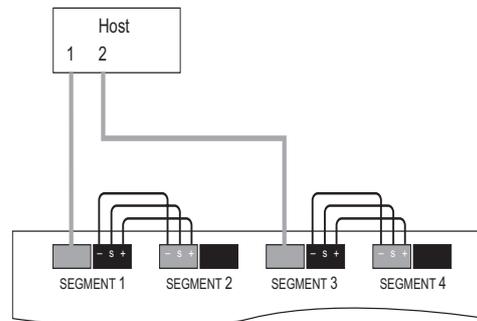
**Figure 4.4**  
**Redundant**  
**host**  
**connections**

Each connector pair is linked on the board- '+' to '+', '-' to '-' and 'S' to 'S'.

#### 4.4.2 Combining segments

Up to two (IS) field segments can be combined onto one host segment, if required, with both multi-dropped IS segments continuing to operate in fully redundant mode. This is made possible by the integration of fieldbus repeater circuitry in the FISCO power supplies.

To combine two segments onto one host segment, connect links from the second connector of the pair into the next segment connector as shown in Figure 4.5.



**Figure 4.5**  
**Multi-drop**  
**host**  
**connections**

With this arrangement, the fieldbus instruments on both field segments appear logically on the same host H1 segment. For example with 6 instruments on each of the two IS field segments, 12 instruments will appear on the 'live-list' of the host H1 card. This can have the benefit of

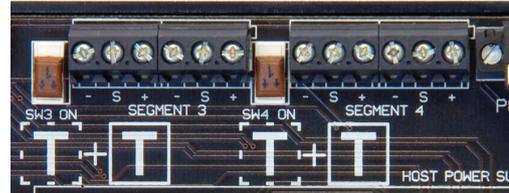
maximising the logical capacity of the host H1 card, and reducing the number of cards required for a given I/O count. Other arrangements are possible by selecting the appropriate host terminals, but no more than two segments may be multi-dropped on one H1 host connection. See below for advice on the use of terminators when multi-dropping host segments.

#### 4.4.3 Host segment terminators

Fixed terminators are provided for each of the four host segments on the module carrier, not in the FISCO power supply. (This ensures that the terminator is not lost, or duplicated, when the power supply modules are switched or removed from the carrier.)

Additional switchable terminations per segment are also provided on the carrier for use when

**Figure 4.6**  
**Terminator**  
**switches**



short cables (i.e. less than 30m) are used between the host and the 9107-22 assembly. In this case, the second termination can be enabled (switched ON) instead of a host end termination. This method ensures the correct impedance is presented to the host. The switches (SW1–SW4) are located beside their associated host segment connectors- see Figure 4.6.

If host segments are being multidropped, as described in Section 4.4.2, the switchable terminators on each of the multi-dropped segments must be disabled (switched OFF) using the appropriate switches on the adaptor card. The fixed host terminators on each segment will appear in parallel, thereby providing correct termination, provided the length of the host segment is less than 30m. No terminator should be installed at the host H1 card.

The use of switched terminations can be summarised as follows.

Condition	Switchable Terminators SW1 - SW4
Terminator provided at host H1 card	OFF
No terminator provided at H1 card	ON
Segments combined ("multi-drop")	OFF

## 5 TESTING AND FAULT FINDING

The 9107-22 is provided with switches and LED indicators to enable the user to understand the status of the equipment at any time. The functionality of these diagnostic aids is described in this section.

### 5.1 Testing

After installation or at any other time, e.g. during maintenance checks, the output voltage at the segment terminals should not be less than 12.9V DC. This, and many other useful fieldbus parameters, can be measured with the MTL FBT-6 portable tester, which also has the advantage of being certified for use in Zone 1 hazardous area.



### 5.2 Manual Failover testing

Each Supply Arbitration Module (SAM) has a 'Failover' switch to test the functioning of the failover mechanism from Active to Standby power supply.

**Figure 5.1 SAM failover switch button**

***This is for proof-testing of the power supply as part of a scheduled maintenance program.***

A manual changeover is caused by pressing the Failover switch on the Active SAM. Pressing the Failover switch on the Standby SAM will have no effect.

Failover will NOT occur if the Standby power supply, or its associated SAM is in a 'failed' condition; indicated by both the Active and Standby LEDs being extinguished, or by either of them flashing - see Section 5.3.2.

**CAUTION**

Forcing a change of state of the active and standby modules by manually operating the 'Failover' push button is recommended only during plant shutdown, not during the operation of a live process application.

**Note:** The default startup configuration always makes the 'A' power supply active.

To confirm the Failover action of a redundant pair- with the 'A' power supply active:

1. Verify the power supply is not running a live process. Follow local plant procedures
2. Verify the health of the power supply to be tested (see section 5.3)
3. Press the Failover switch on the 'A' SAM to force the Standby 'B' power supply to become the Active one.
4. Press the Failover switch on the 'B' SAM to force the 'A' power supply to become the Active one again.

### 5.3 Fault finding

The 9107-22 is provided with a number of indicators to assist the user in remedying a fault. Using these indicators in a structured way enables the user to rapidly identify the root of the fault.

#### 5.3.1 Incoming power supply indicators

An indicator is placed beside each incoming power supply connector (POWER A /POWER B) to indicate whether power is present at that point.

LED label	Description	Healthy Status
Power A (green)	Power	ON (Power OK)
Power B (green)	Power	ON (Power OK)

**Table 5.1 Incoming power LED functions**

A bright LED indicates a healthy input power level but a dim LED may indicate insufficient voltage. Next, check the HOST PSU modules.

#### 5.3.2 Supply Arbitration Module indicators

There are two LED indicators on the front panel of the 9129-IS SAM module to indicate the current mode of the power supply. The description of these indicators is given in Table 5.2 below.

LED label	Description	Healthy Status (Active)	Healthy Status (Standby)
Active (yellow)	Power Supply Active	ON (Active)	OFF (Not Active)
Standby (yellow)	Power Supply Standby	OFF (Not Standby)	ON (Standby)

**Table 5.2 9129-IS SAM LED functions**

Note: During startup, either of the LEDs may flash for up to 10 seconds- this is normal operation.

#### 5.3.3 FISCO power supply indicators

There are four LED indicators on the front panel of the 9122-IS-CM FISCO Power Supply. The function of these indicators is provided in Table 5.3 below.

LED label	Description	Healthy Status
Power (green)	Power	ON (Power OK)
Fault (red)	Fault detected	OFF (No Fault)
Host (yellow)	Host communications	ON (Host Comms OK)
IS (yellow)	Field communications	ON (Field Comms OK)

**Table 5.3 9122-IS-CM FISCO PSU LED functions**

## Replacing failed modules

**Because the 9107-22 is not installed in a hazardous area**, any of the modules fitted to the carrier may be 'hot-swapped' i.e. replaced without isolating or disconnecting any incoming power supplies.

If any module failure has been identified using, for example, the fault-finding procedures described in Section 5.3, follow the instructions provided in Section 3.5 to remove and replace the module.

It should be noted that the design prevents the removal of a SAM module without first removing its associated FISCO power supply. Similarly, the SAM module must be installed on the carrier before its associated FISCO power supply module.

## 6 APPENDIX : ATEX CERTIFICATION INFORMATION

The following information is in accordance with the Essential Health and Safety Requirements (Annex II) of the EU Directive 2014/34/EU [the ATEX Directive- safety of apparatus] and is provided for those locations where the ATEX Directive is applicable.

### 6.1 General

- a. This equipment must only be installed, operated and maintained by competent personnel. Such personnel shall have undergone training, which included instruction on the various types of protection and installation practices, the relevant rules and regulations, and on the general principles of area classification. Appropriate refresher training shall be given on a regular basis. [See clause 4.2 of EN 60079-17].
- b. This equipment has been designed to provide protection against all the relevant additional hazards referred to in Annex II of the directive, such as those in clause 1.2.7.
- c. This equipment has been designed to meet the requirements of associated electrical apparatus in accordance with EN 60079-0:2006, EN 60079-11:2007, EN 60079-27:2006, EN 61241-11:2006.

### 6.2 Installation

- a. The installation must comply with the appropriate European, national and local regulations, which may include reference to EN 60079-14. In addition, particular industries or end users may have specific requirements relating to the safety of their installations and these requirements should also be met. For the majority of installations the Directive 1999/92/EC [the ATEX Directive- safety of installations] is also applicable.
- b. Unless already protected by design, this equipment must be protected by a suitable enclosure against:
  - i) mechanical and thermal stresses in excess of those noted in the certification documentation and the product specification,
  - ii) aggressive substances, excessive dust, moisture and other contaminants.

### 6.3 Inspection and maintenance

- a. Inspection and maintenance should be carried out in accordance with European, national and local regulations which may refer to EN 60079-17. In addition specific industries or end users may have specific requirements which should also be met.
- b. Access to the internal circuitry must not be made during operation.

### 6.4 Repair

This product cannot be repaired by the user and must be replaced with an equivalent certified product.

### 6.5 Marking

Each device is marked in compliance with the Directive and CE marked with the Notified Body Identification Number.

This information applies to products manufactured during or after the year 2008.

**EATON CROUSE-HINDS SERIES**  
**9107-22-PS MTL R-FISCO power supply system**  
 [Ex ib Gb] IIB [Ex ib Db] IIIC (-20°C ≤ Ta ≤ +60°C)  
 Ex II (2) GD Baseefa09ATEX0127  
 IECEX BAS 09.0055  
 EATON ELECTRIC LTD, Luton, England, LU2 8DL Made in England

4026/2





 1180

**EATON®** **CROUSE-HINDS**  
SERIES

**9122-IS-CM**  
**MTL FISCO power supply - IIB**  
 IECEX BAS04.0031 [Ex ib] IIB [Ex ibD] Um : 253V (-20°C ≤ Ta ≤ +60°C)  
 Ex II (2) GD [Ex ib] IIB [Ex ibD] BAS02ATEX7277

Part of IECEX BAS 09.0055  
 Part of Baseefa09ATEX0127  
 Part of MTL09ATEX9108X

19.2 - 30Vdc === 9.9W Max

 **SEE INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

EATON ELECTRIC LTD, Luton, England, LU2 8DL. Made in England. [www.mtl-inst.com](http://www.mtl-inst.com)




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**EATON®** **CROUSE-HINDS**  
SERIES

**9129-IS**  
**MTL FISCO supply arbitration module**  
 Part of IECEX BAS 09.0055 (-20°C ≤ Ta ≤ +60°C)  
 Part of Baseefa09ATEX0127  
 Part of MTL09ATEX9108X

 **SEE INSTRUCTION MANUAL**

EATON ELECTRIC LTD, Luton, England, LU2 8DL. Made in England. [www.mtl-inst.com](http://www.mtl-inst.com)




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## AUSTRALIA

MTL Instruments Pty Ltd,  
10 Kent Road, Mascot, New South Wales, 2020, Australia  
Tel: +61 1300 308 374 Fax: +61 1300 308 463  
E-mail: mtl-salesanz@eaton.com

## BeNeLux

MTL Instruments BV  
Ambacht 6, 5301 KW Zaltbommel  
The Netherlands  
Tel: +31 (0)418 570290 Fax: +31 (0)418 541044  
E-mail: mtl.benelux@eaton.com

## CHINA

Cooper Electric (Shanghai) Co. Ltd  
955 Shengli Road, Heqing Industrial Park  
Pudong New Area, Shanghai 201201  
Tel: +86 21 2899 3817 Fax: +86 21 2899 3992  
E-mail: mtl-cn@eaton.com

## FRANCE

MTL Instruments sarl,  
7 rue des Rosiéristes, 69410 Champagne au Mont d'Or  
France  
Tel: +33 (0)4 37 46 16 53 Fax: +33 (0)4 37 46 17 20  
E-mail: mtlfrance@eaton.com

## GERMANY

MTL Instruments GmbH,  
Heinrich-Hertz-Str. 12, 50170 Kerpen, Germany  
Tel: +49 (0)22 73 98 12-0 Fax: +49 (0)22 73 98 12-2 00  
E-mail: csckerpen@eaton.com

## INDIA

MTL India,  
No.36, Nehru Street, Off Old Mahabalipuram Road  
Sholinganallur, Chennai- 600 119, India  
Tel: +91 (0) 44 24501660 /24501857 Fax: +91 (0) 44 24501463  
E-mail: mtlindiasales@eaton.com

## ITALY

MTL Italia srl,  
Via San Bovio, 3, 20090 Segrate, Milano, Italy  
Tel: +39 02 959501 Fax: +39 02 95950759  
E-mail: chmninfo@eaton.com

## JAPAN

Cooper Crouse-Hinds Japan KK,  
MT Building 3F, 2-7-5 Shiba Daimon, Minato-ku,  
Tokyo, Japan 105-0012  
Tel: +81 (0)3 6430 3128 Fax: +81 (0)3 6430 3129  
E-mail: mtl-jp@eaton.com

## NORWAY

Norex AS  
Fekjan 7c, Postboks 147,  
N-1378 Nesbru, Norway  
Tel: +47 66 77 43 80 Fax: +47 66 84 55 33  
E-mail: info@norex.no

## RUSSIA

Cooper Industries Russia LLC  
Elektrozavodskaya Str 33  
Building 4  
Moscow 107076, Russia  
Tel: +7 (495) 981 3770 Fax: +7 (495) 981 3771  
E-mail: mtlrussia@eaton.com

## SINGAPORE

Cooper Crouse-Hinds Pte Ltd  
No 2 Serangoon North Avenue 5, #06-01 Fu Yu Building  
Singapore 554911  
Tel: +65 6645 9864 / 6645 9865 Fax: +65 6 487 7997  
E-mail: sales.mtlsing@eaton.com

## SOUTH KOREA

Cooper Crouse-Hinds Korea  
7F, Parkland Building 237-11 Nonhyun-dong Gangnam-gu,  
Seoul 135-546, South Korea.  
Tel: +82 6380 4805 Fax: +82 6380 4839  
E-mail: mtl-korea@eaton.com

## UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

Cooper Industries/Eaton Corporation  
Office 205/206, 2nd Floor SJ Towers, off. Old Airport Road,  
Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates  
Tel: +971 2 44 66 840 Fax: +971 2 44 66 841  
E-mail: mtlgulf@eaton.com

## UNITED KINGDOM

Eaton Electric Ltd,  
Great Marlings, Butterfield, Luton  
Beds LU2 8DL  
Tel: +44 (0)1582 723633 Fax: +44 (0)1582 422283  
E-mail: mtlenquiry@eaton.com

## AMERICAS

Cooper Crouse-Hinds MTL Inc.  
3413 N. Sam Houston Parkway W.  
Suite 200, Houston TX 77086, USA  
Tel: +1 281-571-8065 Fax: +1 281-571-8069  
E-mail: mtl-us-info@eaton.com